

# Designated according to The Construction Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020

UK Technical Assessment	UKTA-0836-22/6344 of 10/11/2022
Technical Assessment Body issuing the UK Technical Assessment:	British Board of Agrément
Trade name of the construction product:	FF1
Product family to which the construction product belongs:	Area Code 33, Plastic anchors for multiple use in concrete and masonry for non-structural applications
Manufacturer:	RAWLPLUG S.A. ul. Kwidzyńska 6 PL 51-416 Wrocław Poland
Manufacturing plant(s):	Manufacturing Plant No. 2
This UK Technical Assessment contains:	30 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment
This UK Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with The Construction Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 on the basis of:	UKAD 330284-00-0604 Plastic anchors for redundant non-structural systems in concrete and masonry

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### 1 Technical description of the product

The FF1 anchors consists of a plastic sleeve manufactured from polypropylene (FF1 PP) or polyamide (FF1 PA) and an accompanying specific screw manufactured from steel with electroplated zinc coating, steel with zinc flake coating or stainless steel.

The plastic sleeve is expanded by screwing in the specific screw which presses the sleeve against the wall of the drilled or punched hole.

The description of the products is given in Annex A.

### 2 Specification of the intended use(s) in accordance with the applicable UK Assessment Document (hereinafter UKAD)

The performance given in Annex C are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The provisions made in this UK Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer or Technical Assessment Body, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Requirements with respect to the mechanical resistance and stability of non-loadbearing parts of the works are not included in this Basic Requirement but are under the Basic Requirement safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4).

### 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristics	Performances
Reaction to fire	Anchorages satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C2

### 3.3 Health, hygiene and the environment (BWR 3)

Not relevant.

### 3.4 Safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance for tension and shear loads	Annex C1, C2, C3
Characteristic resistance for bending moment	Annex C1
Displacements under shear and tension loads	Annex C2, C4
Edge distances and spacings	Annex B3, B4

### 3.5 Protection against noise (BWR 5)

Not relevant.

### 3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

Not relevant.

### 3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)

No performance assessed.

## 4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (hereinafter AVCP) system applied

### 4.1 System of assessment and verification of constancy of performance

According to UKAD No. 330284-00-0604 and Annex V of the Construction Products Regulation (Regulation (EU) 305/2011 as brought into UK law and amended, the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) 2+ applies.

## 5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable UKAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with the British Board of Agrément and made available to the UK Approved Bodies involved in the conformity attestation process.

### 5.1 UKCA marking for the product/ system must contain the following information:

- Identification number of the Approved Body
- Name/address of the manufacturer of the product/ system
- Marking with intention of clarification of intended use
- Date of marking
- Number of certificate of constancy of performance
- UKTA number.

On behalf of the British Board of Agrément

Date of Issue: 10 November 2022

Hardy Giesler Chief Executive Officer

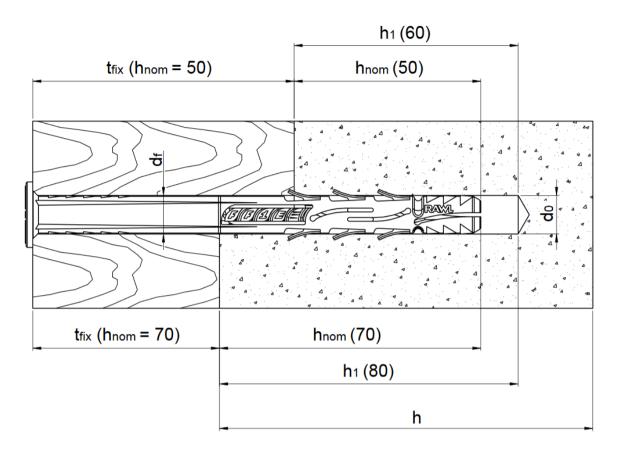


### British Board of Agrément, 1st Floor Building 3

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### **ANNEXES**

This annex applies to the product described in the main body of the UK Technical Assessment.



### **Intended Use**

Fixing in concrete and different kinds of masonry

### Legend

Numbers in brackets in picture above (XX) indicates overall plastic anchor embedment depth (hnom =

50 or h<sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm); for details see Table B2 d<sub>o</sub> = sleeve diameter (drill hole diameter)

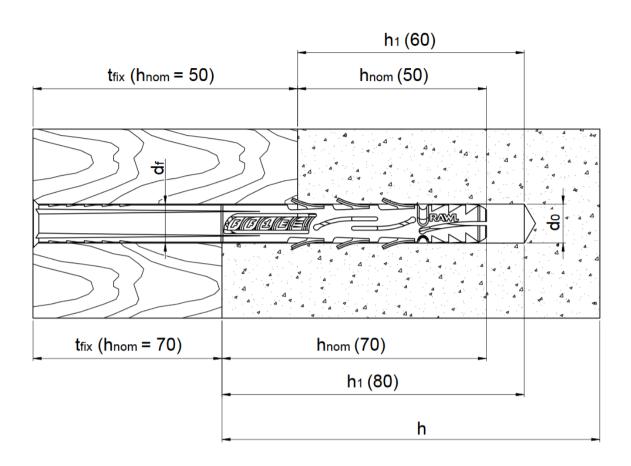
 $h_{nom}$  = overall plastic anchor embedment depth in the base material

h<sub>1</sub> = depth of drill hole to deepest point h = thickness of member (wall)

t<sub>fix</sub> = thickness of fixture

d<sub>f</sub> = diameter of clearance hole in the fixture

FF1	
Product description FF1-10K / FF1-14K	Annex A 1



### **Intended Use**

Fixing in concrete and different kinds of masonry

### Legend

Numbers in brackets in picture above (XX) indicates overall plastic anchor embedment depth (hnom =

50 or  $h_{nom} = 70$  mm); for details see Table B2 d<sub>0</sub> = sleeve diameter (drill hole diameter)

 $h_{nom}$  = overall plastic anchor embedment depth in the base material

h<sub>1</sub> = depth of drill hole to deepest pointh = thickness of member (wall)

 $t_{fix}$  = thickness of fixture

d<sub>f</sub> = diameter of clearance hole in the fixture

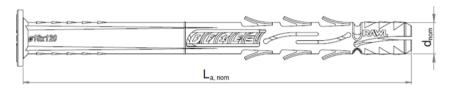


### FF1-08L plastic sleeve





### FF1-10K plastic sleeve





### FF1-10L plastic sleeve





### FF1-14K plastic sleeve



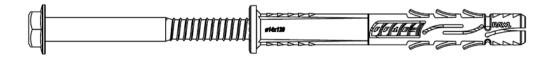


### FF1-14L plastic sleeve





### Pre-assembled FF1 anchor

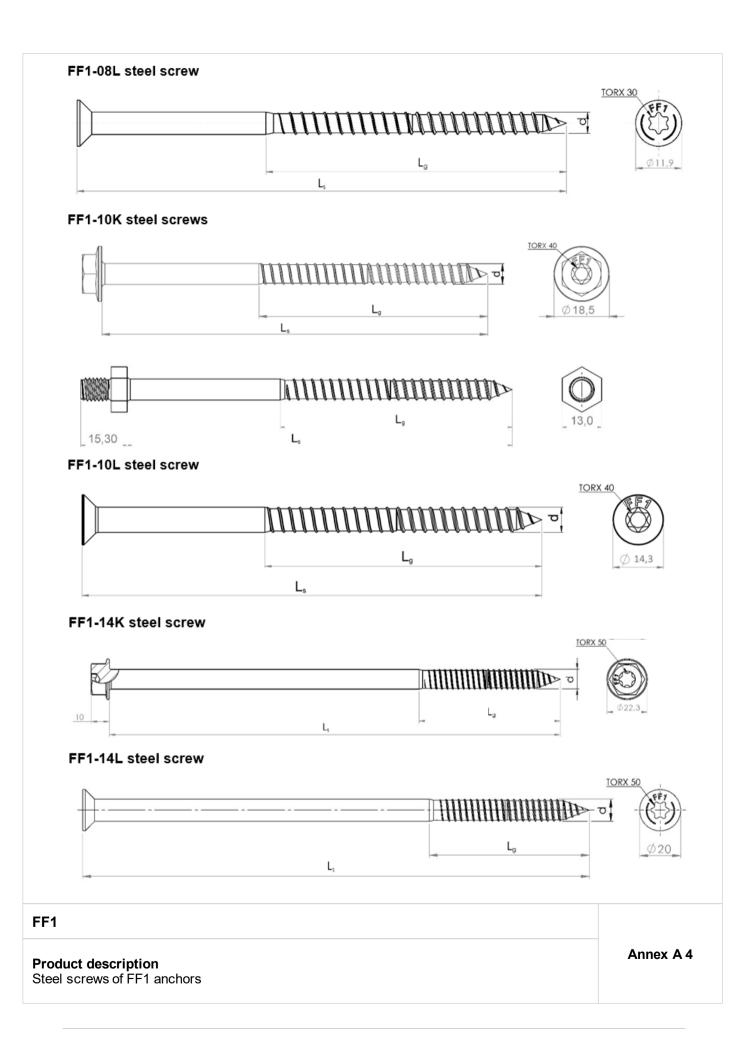




### FF1

**Product description**Plastic sleeves of FF1 anchors

Annex A 3



### Marking

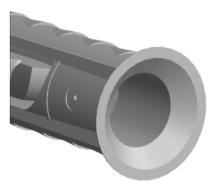
### Size of the anchor and material





a) polyamide (PA): blue without dot





b) polypropylene (PP): grey with dot

FF1

**Product description** Anchor sleeve marking

Annex A 5

Table A1: Anchor types and dimensions [mm]

A Iv	Anchor	sleeve <sup>1)</sup>	Screw <sup>1)</sup>		
Anchor type	d <sub>nom</sub> [mm]	Ia,nom [mm]	I <sub>s,min</sub> [mm]	I <sub>g,min</sub> [mm]	d <sub>s</sub> [mm]
		FF1-08L			
FF1-08L	7.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	80 <sub>±1.0</sub>	87 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76±1	5.8-0.2
FF1-08L	7.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	100 <sub>±1.0</sub>	107 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76±1	5.8-0.2
FF1-08L	7.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	120 <sub>±1.0</sub>	127 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76 <sub>±1</sub>	5.8-0.2
FF1-08L	7.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	140 <sub>±1.0</sub>	147 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76±1	5.8-0.2
FF1-08L	7.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	160 <sub>±1.0</sub>	167 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76±1	5.8-0.2
		FF1-10L			
FF1-10L	$9.8_{\pm 0.2}$	80 <sub>±2.0</sub>	87 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75 <sub>±1</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10L	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	100 <sub>±2.0</sub>	107 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75 <sub>±1</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10L	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	120 <sub>±2.0</sub>	127 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75 <sub>±1</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10L	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	140 <sub>±2.0</sub>	147 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75±1	7.0-0.2
FF1-10L	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	160 <sub>±2.0</sub>	167 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75 <sub>±1</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10L	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	200 <sub>±2.0</sub>	207 <sub>±1.5</sub>	75 <sub>±1.5</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10L	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	240 <sub>±2.0</sub>	247 <sub>±1.5</sub>	75 <sub>±1.5</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10L	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	300±2.0	307±1.5	75 <sub>±1.5</sub>	7.0-0.2
		FF1-14L			
FF1-14L	13.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	120 <sub>±1.0</sub>	127 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76 <sub>±1</sub>	10.8-0.2
FF1-14L	13.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	160 <sub>±10</sub>	167 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76 <sub>±1</sub>	10.8-0.2
FF1-14L	13.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	200±1.0	207 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76±1	10.8-0.2
FF1-14L	13.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	240 <sub>±1.0</sub>	247 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76±1	10.8-0.2
		FF1-10K			
FF1-10K	$9.8_{\pm 0.2}$	80 <sub>±3.0</sub>	89 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75 <sub>±1</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10K	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	100±3.0	109 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75 <sub>±1</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10K	$9.8_{\pm 0.2}$	120 <sub>±3.0</sub>	129 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75 <sub>±1</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10K	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	140 <sub>±3.0</sub>	149 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75 <sub>±1</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10K	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	160±3.0	169 <sub>±1.0</sub>	75 <sub>±1</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10K	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	200±3.0	209 <sub>±1.5</sub>	75 <sub>±1.5</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10K	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	240 <sub>±3.0</sub>	249 <sub>±1.5</sub>	75 <sub>±1.5</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-10K	9.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	300 <sub>±3.0</sub>	309 <sub>±1.5</sub>	75 <sub>±1.5</sub>	7.0-0.2
FF1-14K					
FF1-14K	13.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	120 <sub>±1.0</sub>	131 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76±1	10.8-0.2
FF1-14K	13.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	160 <sub>±10</sub>	171 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76±1	10.8-0.2
FF1-14K	13.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	200 <sub>±1.0</sub>	211 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76 <sub>±1</sub>	10.8-0.2
FF1-14K	13.8 <sub>±0.2</sub>	240 <sub>±1.0</sub>	251 <sub>±1.0</sub>	76 <sub>±1</sub>	10.8-0.2
(1) The anchor (plastic sleeve and specific screw) shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit					

FF1	
Product description Anchor types and dimensions	Annex A 6

### Table A2: Materials

	Materials		
Elements	FF1 PP	FF1 PA	
Anchor sleeve	Polypropylene, PP colour grey	Polyamide, PA6 colour blue	
Specific screw	MPa - basic type b: f <sub>y,k</sub> ≥ 420 MPa, - high load (with "H" on the head MPa with: a) electroplated zinc coating ≥ b) zinc flake coating acc. to Effective coating acc.	head marking): $f_{y,k} \ge 260$ MPa, $f_{u,k} \ge 420$ $f_{u,k} \ge 580$ MPa and marking): $f_{y,k} \ge 640$ MPa, $f_{u,k} \ge 800$ $6.5$ µm acc. to EN ISO 4042 or	

FF1	
Product description Materials	Annex A 7

# **Punch tool** *85* Used for variant installation of FF1-10 PA ( $h_{nom}$ = 70 mm) in AAC FF1 Annex A8 **Product description**Punch tool for variant installation in AAC

### Specification of intended use

### Anchorages subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads.
- Multiple fixing of non-structural applications.

### Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete with strength classes ≥ C12/15 (use category a), according to EN 206.
- Solid masonry (use category b), according to Annex C3.
   Note: The characteristic resistance is also valid for larger sizes and larger compressive strength of the masonry unit.
- Hollow or perforated masonry (use category c), according to Annex C3.
- Autoclaved aerated concrete (use category d), according to Annex C3.
- Mortar strength class of the masonry M2,5 at minimum according to EN 998-2.
- For other base materials of the use categories a, b, c and d the characteristic resistance of the anchor may be determined by job site tests according to UKAD 330284-00-0604.

### Temperature range:

- -20°C to +40°C (max. short term temperature +40°C and max. long term temperature +24°C) for FF1 PP anchors and FF1 10 PA anchors used in autoclaved aerated concrete.
- -40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max. long term temperature +50°C) for FF1 PA anchors, except of FF1 10 PA anchors used in autoclaved aerated concrete.

### Use conditions (environmental conditions):

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, zinc flake coated steel or stainless steel).
- The specific screw made of zinc coated or zinc flake coated steel may also be used in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure if the area of the head of the screw is protected against moisture and driving rain after mounting of the fixing unit in this way, that intrusion of moisture into the anchor shaft is prevented. Therefore there shall be an external cladding or a ventilated rain screen mounted in front of the head of the screw and the head of the screw itself shall be coated with a soft plastic, permanently elastic bitumen-oil-combination coating.
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure including industrial and marine environment (stainless steel).
- Structures subject to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel).
  - Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

### Design:

- The anchorages are designed in accordance with the UKAD 330284-00-0604 under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and masonry work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings shall be prepared taking account the loads to be anchored, the nature and strength of the base materials and the dimensions of the anchorage members as well as of the relevant tolerances. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings.
- Anchors are only to be used for multiple fixings for non-structural application, according to UKAD 330284-00-0604

### Installation:

- Hole shall be drilled by the drill methods or punched by the punch tool given in Annexes C2 and C3 for use categories a, b, c and d; the influence of other drilling methods may be determined by job side tests according to UKAD 330284-00-0604.
- The applied installation torque cannot exceed maximum installation torque (T<sub>inst.</sub>), according to table B2, and the anchor should be flushed with the fixture.
- Anchor installation shall be carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.
- Installation shall be executed in temperature from -20°C to +40°C.
- Exposure to UV due to solar radiation of the anchor not protected by the mortar shall not exceed 6 weeks.

FF1	
Intended use Specification	Annex B 1

Table B1: Installation parameters

Anchor type		FF1-08L	FF1-10L	FF1-14L	FF1-10K	FF1-14K
Nominal drill hole diameter	d <sub>o</sub> [mm]	8	10	14	10	14
Cutting diameter of drill bit	d <sub>ucts</sub> ≤ [mm]	8.45	10.45	14.45	10.45	14.45
Depth of drill hole to deepest point	h₁ ≥ [mm]	60 / 80 <sup>1)</sup>	602) / 803)	80	602) / 803)	80
Overall embedment depth in the base material	h <sub>nom</sub> ≥ [mm]	50 / 701)	502) / 703)	70	502) / 703)	70
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d <sub>f</sub> ≤ [mm]	8.0 – 8.5	10.0 – 10.5	14.0 – 14.5	10.0 – 10.5	14.0 – 14.5
Fixture thickness t <sub>fix</sub>	t <sub>fix</sub> [mm]	1 – 110 / 1 – 901)	1 – 250 <sup>2)</sup> / 1 – 230 <sup>3)</sup>	1 – 170	1 – 250 <sup>2)</sup> / 1 – 230 <sup>3)</sup>	1 – 170
Torque wrench	[mm]	TX 30	TX 40	TX 50	SW13 TX 40	SW17 TX 50
Maximum installation torque T <sub>inst</sub>	[Nm]			see table B2		

<sup>(1)</sup> In case of anchors fixed in aerated autoclaved concrete (AAC)

Table B2: Maximum installation torque

Anahan	Maximum installation torque T <sub>inst</sub> [Nm]		
Anchor	concrete and masonry	AAC	
FF1-08 PP (h <sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm)	7	_	
FF1-08 PP (h <sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)	I	3.5	
FF1-08 PA (h <sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm)	9	_	
FF1-08 PA (h <sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)	I	3.6	
FF1-10 PP (hnom = 50 mm)	7.4	_	
FF1-10 PP (h <sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)	16	3.8	
FF1-10 PA (h <sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm)	16	_	
FF1-10 PA (h <sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)	16	4.3	
FF1-14 PP (hnom = 70 mm)	15	5.5	
FF1-14 PA (h <sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)	30	6.6	

FF1	
Intended use Installation parameters	Annex B 2

<sup>(2)</sup> In case of anchors fixed in concrete, clay brick HD (only for FF1 10 PP) or sand-lime brick HD

<sup>(3)</sup> In case of anchors fixed in concrete, clay brick HD (for FF1 10 PP and FF1 10 PA), perforated ceramic brick, calcium silicate hollow block, hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element, hollow ceramic brick or aerated autoclaved concrete (AAC)

Table B3: Minimum thickness of member, edge distance and anchor spacing in concrete

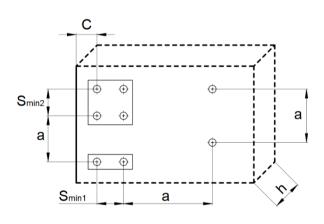
Anchor diameter	Base material	h <sub>min</sub> [mm]	c <sub>cr,N</sub> [mm]	C <sub>oin</sub> [mm]	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]
Ø9.	Concrete ≥ C16/20	100	601) / 602)	601) / 602)	601) /602)
Ø8	Concrete ≥ C12/15	100	841) / 842)	841) / 842)	841) /842)
Ø10	Concrete ≥ C16/20	100	$70^{1)3}$ / $70^{1)4}$ $90^{2)3}$ / $80^{2)4}$	60 <sup>1)3)</sup> / 60 <sup>1)4)</sup> 80 <sup>2)3)</sup> / 80 <sup>2)4)</sup>	60 <sup>1)3)</sup> / 60 <sup>1)4)</sup> 90 <sup>2)3)</sup> / 95 <sup>2)4)</sup>
010	Concrete ≥ C12/15	100	98 <sup>1)3)</sup> / 98 <sup>1)4)</sup> 126 <sup>2)3)</sup> / 112 <sup>2)4)</sup>	84 <sup>1)3)</sup> / 84 <sup>1)4)</sup> 112 <sup>2)3)</sup> / 112 <sup>2)4)</sup>	84 <sup>1)3)</sup> / 84 <sup>1)4)</sup> 126 <sup>2)3)</sup> / 133 <sup>2)4)</sup>
Ø14	Concrete ≥ C16/20	100	75 <sup>1)</sup> / 120 <sup>2)</sup>	801) / 1202)	75 <sup>1)</sup> / 120 <sup>2)</sup>
Ø14	Concrete ≥ C12/15	100	1051) / 1682)	112 <sup>1)</sup> / 168 <sup>2)</sup>	105 <sup>1)</sup> / 168 <sup>2)</sup>

### Scheme of distances and spacing:

### in concrete

# $S_{\text{min}}$ **(** а $S_{min}$ а

### in masonry



### FF1

Minimum thickness of member, edge distance and anchor spacing in concrete and masonry

<sup>(1)</sup> For FF1 PP anchor (2) For FF1 PA anchor

<sup>(3)</sup>  $h_{\text{nom}} = 50 \text{ mm}$ (4)  $h_{\text{nom}} = 70 \text{ mm}$ 

Table B4: Minimum thickness of member, edge distance and anchor spacing in masonry

Anchor			Single ancho	r	Anchor group <sup>1)</sup>		
diameter	Base material (type of element)	h <sub>min</sub> [mm]	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	a <sub>min</sub> [mm]	s <sub>min1</sub> 2) [mm]	s <sub>min2</sub> ³) [mm]	
	Clay brick HD <sup>6)</sup> / Sand-lime brick HD <sup>7)</sup>		60		120	240	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>8)</sup>	238	60		120	240	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>9)</sup>	238	80		160	320	
Ø8	Calcium silicate hollow block <sup>10)</sup>	115	60	250	120	240	
200	Hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element <sup>11)</sup>	249	70		140	280	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>12)</sup>	113	60		120	240	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>13)</sup>	240	80		160	320	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete element 16)	100	100	250	200	400	
	Clay brick HD <sup>6)</sup>	125			200 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>24)</sup>	400 <sup>22)</sup> / 150 <sup>24)</sup>	
	Sand-lime brick HD <sup>7)</sup>	125	]		200 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>23)</sup>	400 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>23)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>8)</sup>		100		200 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>24)</sup>	400 <sup>22)</sup> / 250 <sup>24)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>9)</sup>				200 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>24)</sup>	400 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>24)</sup>	
	Calcium silicate hollow block <sup>10)</sup>			250	200 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>24)</sup>	400 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>24)</sup>	
	Hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element <sup>11)</sup>				200 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>24)</sup>	400 <sup>22)</sup> / 150 <sup>24)</sup>	
Ø10	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>12)</sup>		]		200 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>24)</sup>	400 <sup>22)</sup> / 150 <sup>24)</sup>	
	Hollow ceramic brick <sup>14)</sup>				200 <sup>22)</sup> / 200 <sup>24)</sup>	400 <sup>22)</sup> / 400 <sup>24)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>15)</sup>	200			200 <sup>22)</sup> / 100 <sup>24)</sup>	400 <sup>22)</sup> / 130 <sup>24)</sup>	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete element 16)17)18)		70		80	70	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete element (6)17)19)	100	70	250	00	80	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete element (16)17)20)	100	80	250	110	80	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete element 16)21)		80		110	400	
	Clay brick HD <sup>6)</sup>	125	120		240	480	
	Sand-lime brick HD <sup>7)</sup>	125	110 <sup>4)</sup> / 150 <sup>5)</sup>		2204) / 3005)	440 <sup>4)</sup> / 600 <sup>5)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>8)</sup>	238	120		240	480	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>9)</sup>	238	100 <sup>4)</sup> / 120 <sup>5)</sup>	250	2004) / 2405)	4004) / 4805)	
Ø14	Calcium silicate hollow block <sup>10)</sup>	115	70	250	140	280	
	Hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element <sup>11)</sup>	249	70		140	280	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>12)</sup>	113	100 <sup>4)</sup> / 120 <sup>5)</sup>		2004) / 2405)	400 <sup>4)</sup> / 480 <sup>5)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>13)</sup>	240	120		240	480	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete element <sup>16)</sup>	100	100	250	200	400	

<sup>1)</sup> The design method valid for single anchor and anchor groups with two or four anchors

### FF1

### Intended use

Minimum thickness of member, edge distance and anchor spacing in masonry

<sup>2)</sup> In direction perpendicular to free edge

<sup>3)</sup> In direction parallel to free edge 4) For FF1 14 PP anchor

<sup>5)</sup> For FF1 14 PA anchor

<sup>6)</sup> Solid brick according to EN 771-1

<sup>7)</sup> Solid brick according to EN 771-2

<sup>8)</sup> For example perforated brick MAX according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 8 mm

<sup>9)</sup> Perforated brick Pyrothere P+W 25 according to EN 771-1; a = 10.2 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 7 mm
10) For example calcium silicate hollow block KSL 6DF according to EN 771-2; a = 22 mm, b = 50 mm, c = 22 mm

<sup>11)</sup> For example hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element HBL according to EN 771-3; a = 31 mm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12)</sup> For example perforated brick HLZ 12 according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 32 mm, c = 7 mm, d = 12 mm, e = 13 mm (so For example perforated brick HLZ 15 according to EN 771-1; a = 17 mm)

<sup>14)</sup> For example perforated brick Optibric PV according to EN 771-1; a = 10 mm, b = 39 mm, c = 7, d = 38 mm, e = 6,5 mm

<sup>15)</sup> For example perforated brick Doppio units according to EN 771-1; a = 11 mm, b = 24 mm, c = 10 mm

<sup>16)</sup> According to EN 771-4

<sup>17)</sup> Drill method: punch tool (see Annex A)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> AAC2

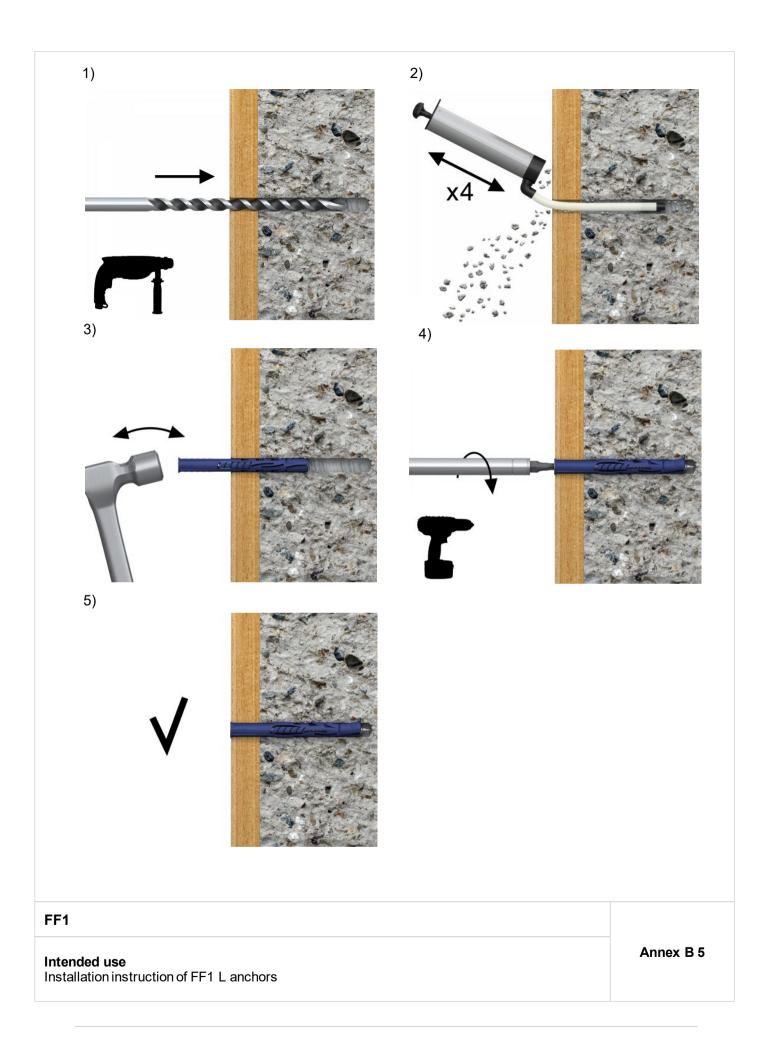
<sup>19)</sup> AAC4

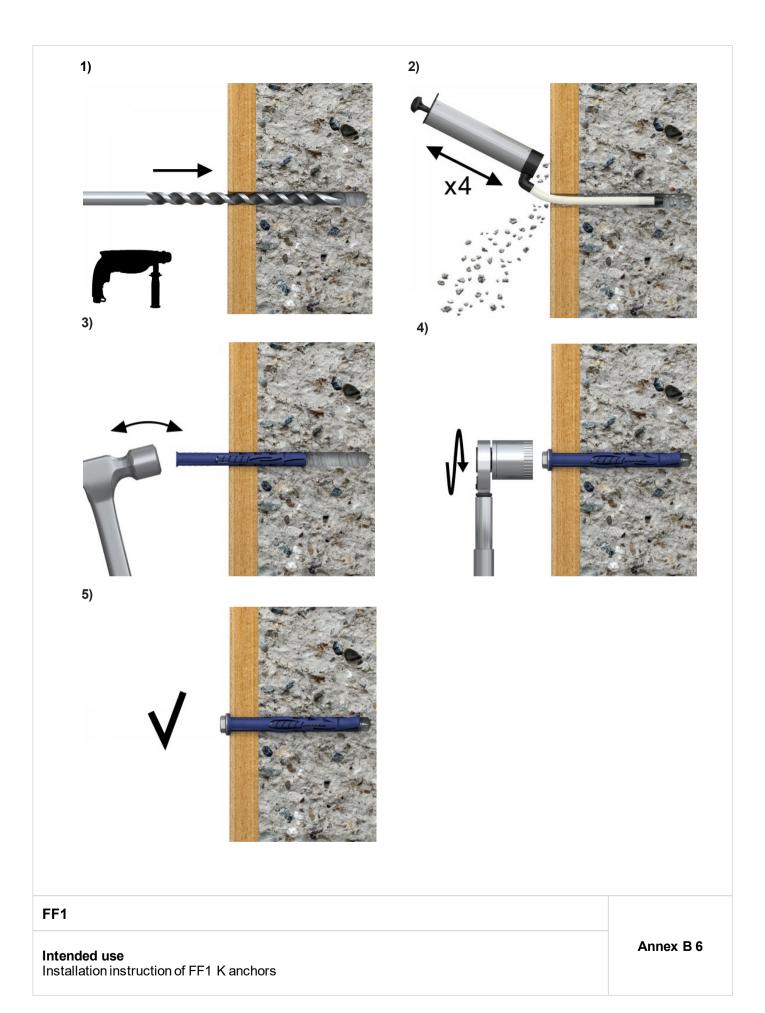
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20)</sup> AAC5

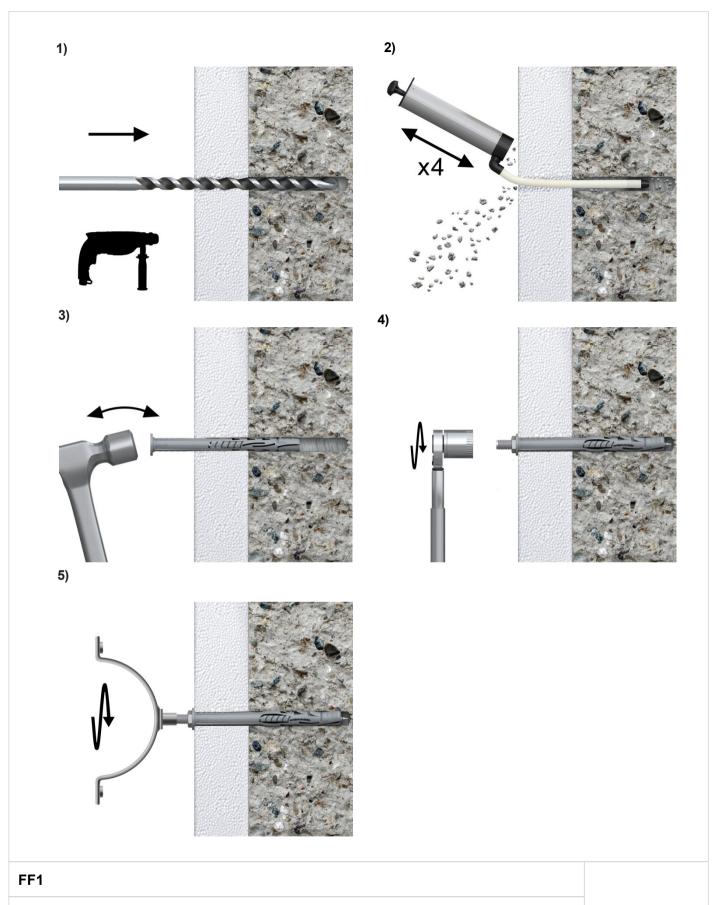
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21)</sup> AAC6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22)</sup> For FF1 10 PP anchor <sup>23)</sup> For FF1 10 PA anchor (h<sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm)

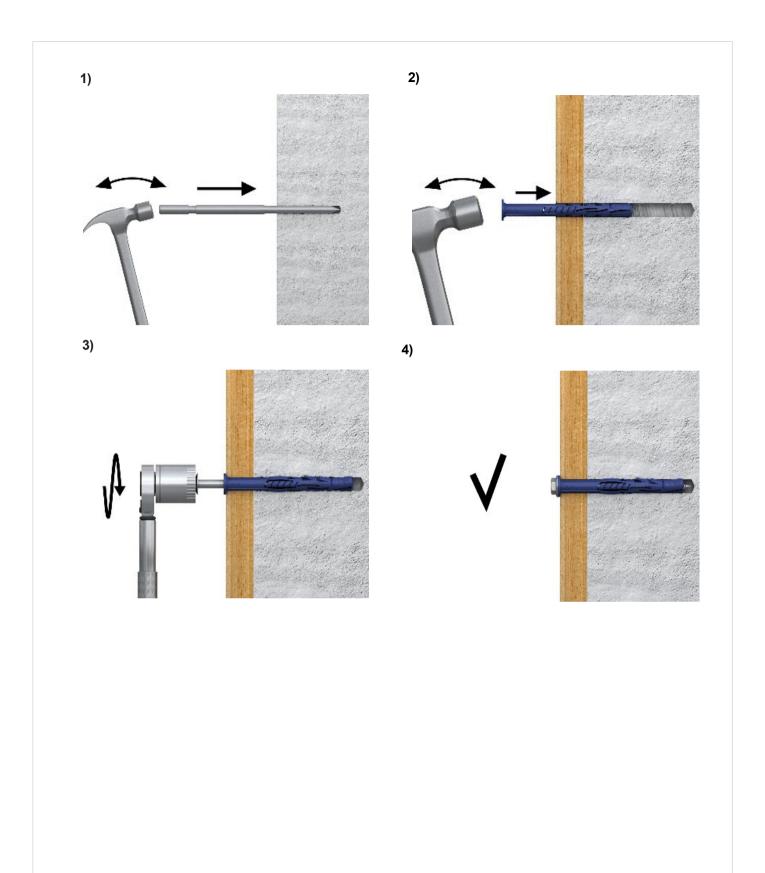
 $<sup>^{24)}</sup>$  For FF1 10 PA anchor ( $h_{nom}$  = 70 mm)







**Intended use**Installation instruction of FF1 K anchors with special screw for clamps of drain pipes



# **Intended use**Installation instruction of FF1 anchors with punch-tool

Table C1: Characteristic bending resistance of the screw in concrete and masonry

		Ø8		Ø10		Ø14	
Anchor diameter		carbon steel <sup>1)</sup>	stainless steel	carbon steel <sup>1)</sup>	stainless steel	carbon steel <sup>1)</sup>	stainless steel
Characteristic bending resistance	M <sub>ark's</sub> [Nm]	5.1 <sup>3)</sup> 7.1 <sup>4)</sup>	7.3	9.2 <sup>3)</sup> 12.6 <sup>4)</sup> 17.4 <sup>5)</sup>	13.1	39.8 <sup>3)</sup> 54.9 <sup>4)</sup>	56.8
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{\text{Ms}}^{2)}$	1.61 <sup>3)</sup> 1.38 <sup>4)</sup>	1.42	1.61 <sup>3)</sup> 1.38 <sup>4)</sup> 1.25 <sup>5)</sup>	1.42	1.61 <sup>3)</sup> 1.38 <sup>4)</sup>	1.42

<sup>(1)</sup> Steel with electroplated zinc coating or steel with zinc flake coating

Table C2: Characteristic resistance of the screw for use in concrete, failure of expansion element (screw)

		Ø8		Ø10		Ø14	
Anchor diameter	chor diameter		stainless steel	carbon steel <sup>1)</sup>	stainless steel	carbon steel <sup>1)</sup>	stainless steel
Characteristic tension resistance	N <sub>Rk,s</sub> [kN]	7.3 <sup>3)</sup> 10.0 <sup>4)</sup>	10.4	10.7 <sup>3)</sup> 14.8 <sup>4)</sup> 20.4 <sup>5)</sup>	15.3	28.5 <sup>3)</sup> 39.4 <sup>4)</sup>	40.7
Partial safety factor	$\gamma \text{Ms}^{2)}$	1.94 <sup>3)</sup> 1.66 <sup>4)</sup>	1.71	1.94 <sup>3)</sup> 1.66 <sup>4)</sup> 1.5 <sup>5)</sup>	1.71	1.94 <sup>3)</sup> 1.66 <sup>4)</sup>	1.71
Characteristic shear resistance	V <sub>Rk,s</sub> [kN]	3.6 <sup>3)</sup> 5.0 <sup>4)</sup>	5.2	5.4 <sup>3)</sup> 7.4 <sup>4)</sup> 10.2 <sup>5)</sup>	7.7	14.3 <sup>3)</sup> 19.7 <sup>4)</sup>	20.4
Partial safety factor	$\gamma \text{Ms}^{2)}$	1.61 <sup>3)</sup> 1.38 <sup>4)</sup>	1.42	1.61 <sup>3)</sup> 1.38 <sup>4)</sup> 1.25 <sup>5)</sup>	1.42	1.61 <sup>3)</sup> 1.38 <sup>4)</sup>	1.42

<sup>(1)</sup> Steel with electroplated zinc coating or steel with zinc flake coating



<sup>(2)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

<sup>(3)</sup> Type a: f<sub>y,k</sub> ≥ 260 MPa, f<sub>u,k</sub> ≥ 420 MPa, with "•" on the head marking

<sup>(4)</sup> Type b: f<sub>y,k</sub> ≥ 420 MPa, f<sub>u,k</sub> ≥ 580 MPa

<sup>(5)</sup> High-load: f<sub>y,k</sub> ≥ 640 MPa, f<sub>u,k</sub> ≥ 800 MPa, with "H" on the head marking

<sup>(2)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

<sup>(3)</sup> Type a: f<sub>y,k</sub> ≥ 260 MPa, f<sub>u,k</sub> ≥ 420 MPa, with "•" on the head marking

<sup>(4)</sup> Type b: f<sub>y,k</sub> ≥ 420 MPa, f<sub>u,k</sub> ≥ 580 MPa

<sup>(5)</sup> High-load: f<sub>y,k</sub> ≥ 640 MPa, f<sub>u,k</sub> ≥ 800 MPa, with "H" on the head marking

Table C3: Characteristic resistance for use in cracked and non-cracked concrete, pull-out failure (plastic sleeve); hammer drilling 6)

Anchor diameter		Ø8	Ø10	Ø14						
Concrete ≥ C16/20										
Characteristic resistance	NRk,p [KN]	0.91)3) 2.0 <sup>2)3)</sup>	0.91)3) 1.21)4) 2.02)3) 8.52)4)	2.5 <sup>1)4)</sup> 5.5 <sup>2)4)</sup>						
Partial safety factor	γMc <sup>5)</sup>	1.8								
	Concrete 2	≥ C12/15								
Characteristic resistance	NRk,p [KN]	0.6 <sup>1)3)</sup> 1.5 <sup>2)3)</sup>	0.5 <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>3</sup> ) 0.9 <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>4</sup> ) 1.2 <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>3</sup> ) 6.0 <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>4</sup> )	2.0 <sup>1)4)</sup> 4.0 <sup>2)4)</sup>						
Partial safety factor	γMc <sup>5)</sup>	1.8								

<sup>(1)</sup> FF1 PP

Table C4: Displacements under tension and shear loading in concrete 5) 6)

Anches		Tension load		Shear load			
Anchor diameter	N [kN]	δ <sub>N0</sub> [mm]	δ <sub>Ν∞</sub> [mm]	V [kN]	δ <sub>V0</sub> [mm]	δ <sub>V∞</sub> [mm]	
Ø8	0.36 <sup>1)3)</sup> 0.79 <sup>2)3)</sup>	0.95 <sup>1)3)</sup> 1.11 <sup>2)3)</sup>	1.90 <sup>1)3)</sup> 2.22 <sup>2)3)</sup>	0.36 <sup>1)3)</sup> 0.79 <sup>2)3)</sup>	0.18	0.27	
Ø10	0.36 <sup>1)3)</sup> 0.47 <sup>1)4)</sup> 0.79 <sup>2)3)</sup> 3.37 <sup>2)4)</sup>	0.38 <sup>1)3)</sup> 0.55 <sup>1)4)</sup> 0.67 <sup>2)3)</sup> 1.95 <sup>2)4)</sup>	0.76 <sup>1)3)</sup> 1.10 <sup>1)4)</sup> 1.34 <sup>2)3)</sup> 3.90 <sup>2)4)</sup>	0.36 <sup>1)3)</sup> 0.47 <sup>1)4)</sup> 0.79 <sup>2)3)</sup> 3.37 <sup>2)4)</sup>	0.11	0.16	
Ø14	0.99 <sup>1)4)</sup> 2.18 <sup>2)4)</sup>	1.56 <sup>1)4)</sup> 1.70 <sup>2)4)</sup>	3.12 <sup>1)4)</sup> 3.40 <sup>2)4)</sup>	0.99 <sup>1)4)</sup> 2.18 <sup>2)4)</sup>	0.43	0.64	

<sup>(1)</sup> FF1 PP

Table C5: Characteristic values F<sub>Rk</sub> in any load direction under fire exposure in concrete C20/25 to C50/60, no permanent centric tension load and shear load with lever arm

Anchor diameter	Fire resistance class	F <sub>Rk</sub> [kN]
Ø10 <sup>1)2)3)</sup> Ø14 <sup>1)2)3)</sup>	R90	0.8

<sup>(1)</sup> FF1 PA

### FF1

### **Performances**

Characteristic resistance in concrete (use category a), displacements in concrete, resistance to fire

Annex C 2

<sup>(2)</sup> FF1 PA

<sup>(3)</sup>  $h_{nom} = 50 \text{ mm}$ 

<sup>(4)</sup>  $h_{nom} = 70 \text{ mm}$ 

<sup>(5)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

<sup>(6)</sup> Valid for all ranges of temperatures according to Annex B1

<sup>(2)</sup> FF1 PA

<sup>(3)</sup>  $h_{nom} = 50 \text{ mm}$ 

<sup>(4)</sup>  $h_{nom} = 70 \text{ mm}$ 

<sup>(5)</sup> Valid for all ranges of temperatures

<sup>(6)</sup> Intermediate values by linear interpolation

<sup>(2)</sup>  $h_{\text{nom}} = 50 \text{ mm}$ (3)  $h_{\text{nom}} = 70 \text{ mm}$ 

Table C6: Characteristic resistance F<sub>Rk</sub> [kN] of FF1-08 anchor in masonry

Base material	Bulk density class [kg/dm³]	Compressive strength class [N/mm²]	Picture	Drill method	F <sub>Rk</sub> <sup>14)</sup> [kN]	
Clay brick HD <sup>5)</sup>	≥ 1.80	≥ 20		hammer	1.2 <sup>1)</sup> / 1.5 <sup>2)</sup> - <sup>3)</sup> / - <sup>4)</sup>	
Sand-lime brick HD <sup>6)</sup>	≥ 1.80	≥ 20		hammer	0.75 <sup>1)</sup> / 1.5 <sup>2)</sup> - 3) / -4)	
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>7)</sup>	≥ 0.80	≥ 15		rotary drilling only	0.5 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.75 <sup>2)</sup> - 3) / -4)	
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>8)</sup>	≥ 0.80	≥ 15		rotary drilling only	0.3 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.4 <sup>2)</sup>	
Calcium silicate hollow block <sup>9)</sup>	≥ 1.60	≥ 20	000000	rotary drilling only	$0.4^{1)} / 0.5^{2)}$ $-^{3)} / -^{4)}$	
Hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element <sup>10)</sup>	≥ 0.80	≥ 2	4/1/2	rotary drilling only	0.5 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.9 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / -4)	
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>11)</sup>	≥ 0.90	≥ 12		rotary drilling only	$0.4^{1)} / 0.6^{2)}$ $-^{3)} / -^{4)}$	
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>12)</sup>	≥ 0.90	≥ 15		rotary drilling only	0.75 <sup>1)</sup> / 1.2 <sup>2)</sup> _ <sup>3)</sup> / _ <sup>4)</sup>	
Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 2 <sup>13)</sup>	≥ 0.35	≥2	-	rotary drilling only	$-^{1)}/-^{2)}$ $0.5^{3)}/0.4^{4)}$	
Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 6 <sup>13)</sup>	≥ 0.65	≥ 6	-	rotary drilling only	$-^{1)}/-^{2)}$ $1.2^{3)}/0.9^{4)}$	
Partial safety factor <sup>15)</sup>						

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  FF1-08 PP (h<sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm);  $^{2)}$  FF1-08 PA (h<sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm);  $^{3)}$  FF1-08 PP (h<sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm);  $^{4)}$  FF1-08 PA (h<sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm) According to EN 771-1;  $^{6)}$  According to EN 771-2

### FF1 Annex C3 Performances of FF1-08 anchor Characteristic resistance in masonry (use category b, c and d)

<sup>7)</sup> For example perforated brick MAX according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 8 mm
8) For example perforated brick Porotherm P+W 25 according to EN 771-1; a = 10,2 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 7 mm

<sup>9)</sup> For example calcium silicate hollow block KSL 6DF according to EN 771-2; a = 22 mm, b = 50 mm, c = 22 mm

For example hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element HBL according to EN 771-3; a = 31 mm

10) For example perforated brick HLZ 12 according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 32 mm, c = 7 mm, d = 12 mm, e = 13 mm

 $<sup>^{12)}\,</sup>$  For example perforated brick HLZ 15 according to EN 771-1; a = 17 mm

According to EN 771-4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14)</sup> Characteristic resistance F<sub>Rk</sub> for tension, shear or combined tension and shear loading The characteristic resistance is valid for single plastic anchor or for a group of two or four plastic anchors with a spacing equal or larger than the minimum spacing  $s_{\text{min}}$  according to table B3 (Annex B4)

Partial safety factor for use in masonry  $\gamma_{Mm}$  = 2.5 and partial safety factor for use in autoclaved aerated concrete  $\gamma_{MAAC}$  = 2.0 in absence of other national regulations

Table C7: Characteristic resistance F<sub>Rk</sub> [kN] of FF1-10 anchor in masonry

Base material	Bulk density class [kg/dm³]	Compressive strength class [N/mm²]	Picture	Drill method	F <sub>Rk</sub> <sup>15)</sup> [kN]		
Clay brick HD <sup>5)</sup>	≥ 1.80	≥ 50		hammer	1.5 <sup>1)</sup> / - <sup>2)</sup> 2.5 <sup>3)</sup> / 5.0 <sup>4)</sup>		
Sand-lime brick HD <sup>6)</sup>	≥ 1.80	≥ 30		hammer	1.2 <sup>1)</sup> / 1.5 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / -4)		
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>7)</sup>	≥ 0.80	≥ 15		rotary drilling only	_1) / _2) 0.5 <sup>3)</sup> / 1.5 <sup>4)</sup>		
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>8)</sup>	≥ 0.80	≥ 15		rotary drilling only	$-\frac{1}{0.6^{3}}$ / $\frac{2}{1.5^{4}}$		
Calcium silicate hollow block <sup>9)</sup>	≥ 1.60	≥ 20	000000	rotary drilling only	$-^{1)}$ / $-^{2)}$ $0.75^{3)}$ / $2.5^{4)}$		
Hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element <sup>10)</sup>	≥ 0.80	≥ 2		rotary drilling only	_ <sup>1)</sup> / _ <sup>2)</sup> 0.3 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.75 <sup>4)</sup>		
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>11)</sup>	≥ 0.90	≥ 12		rotary drilling only	-1) / -2) 0.5 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.6 <sup>4)</sup>		
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>12)</sup>	≥ 0.91	≥ 15		rotary drilling only	$0.6^{3} / 0.6^{4}$		
Hollow ceramic brick <sup>13)</sup>	≥ 0.60	≥ 7,5		rotary drilling only	-1) / -2) 0.3 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.5 <sup>4)</sup>		
Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 2 <sup>14)</sup>	≥ 0.35	≥ 2		rotary drilling only	-1) / -2) 0.5 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.4 <sup>4)</sup> -1) / -2)		
Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 6 <sup>14)</sup>	≥ 0.65	≥ 6		rotary drilling only	-1) / -2) 1.2 <sup>3)</sup> / 1.2 <sup>4)</sup> -1) / -2)		
Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 2 <sup>14)</sup>	≥ 0.35	≥ 2		punch tool	$-3$ / $0.4^{4)17}$		
Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 4 <sup>14)</sup>	≥ 0.70	≥ 4		punch tool	_ <sup>1)</sup> / _ <sup>2)</sup> _ <sup>3)</sup> / 1.2 <sup>4)17)</sup>		
Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 5 <sup>14)</sup>	≥ 0.70	≥ 5		punch tool	_ <sup>1)</sup> / _ <sup>2)</sup> _ <sup>3)</sup> / 1.5 <sup>4)17)</sup>		
Partial safety factor <sup>16)</sup>	γ <sub>Mm</sub> / γ <sub>MACC</sub>	2.5 / 2.0					

- FF1-10 PP ( $h_{nom}$  = 50 mm); <sup>2)</sup> FF1-10 PA ( $h_{nom}$  = 50 mm); FF1-10 PP ( $h_{nom}$  = 70 mm); <sup>4)</sup> FF1-10 PA ( $h_{nom}$  = 70 mm) According to EN 771-1;

- According to EN 771-2
- For example perforated brick MAX according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 8 mm For example perforated brick Porotherm P+W 25 according to EN 771-1; a = 10,2 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 7 mm

- For example calcium silicate hollow block KSL 6DF according to EN 771-1; a = 22 mm, b = 50 mm, c = 22 mm
  For example hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element HBL according to EN 771-3; a = 21 mm, b = 32 mm, c = 7 mm, d = 12 mm, e = 13 mm
  For example perforated brick HLZ 12 according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 32 mm, c = 7 mm, d = 12 mm, e = 13 mm
  For example perforated brick Doppio uni according to EN 771-1; a = 11 mm, b = 24 mm, c = 10 mm
  For example perforated brick Optibric PV according to EN 771-1; a = 10 mm, b = 39 mm, c = 7, d = 38 mm, e = 6,5 mm

- According to EN 771-4
- Characteristic resistance F<sub>Rk</sub> for tension, shear or combined tension and shear loading The characteristic resistance is valid for single plastic anchor or for a group of two or four plastic anchors with a spacing equal or larger than the minimum spacing  $s_{\text{min}}$  according to table B3 (Annex B4)
- Partial safety factor for use in masonry γ<sub>Mm</sub> = 2.5 and partial safety factor for use in autoclaved aerated concrete γ<sub>MAAC</sub> = 2.0 in absence of other national regulations
- Drill method: punch tool (see Annex A8)

### FF1

### Performances of FF1-10 anchor

Characteristic resistance in masonry (use category b, c and d)

Annex C3

Table C8: Characteristic resistance F<sub>Rk</sub> [kN] of FF1-14 anchor in masonry

Base material	Bulk density class [kg/dm³]	Compressive strength class [N/mm²]	Picture	Drill method	F <sub>Rk</sub> <sup>12)</sup> [kN]	
Clay brick HD <sup>3)</sup>	≥ 1.80	≥ 20		hammer	4.01) / 4.52)	
Sand-lime brick HD <sup>4)</sup>	≥ 1.80	≥ 20		hammer	3.01) / 3.52)	
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>5)</sup>	≥ 0.80	≥ 15		rotary drilling only	0.91) / 1.22)	
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>6)</sup>	≥ 0.80	≥ 15		rotary drilling only	0.91) / 1.22)	
Calcium silicate hollow block <sup>7)</sup>	≥ 1.60	≥ 20	000000	rotary drilling only	0.91) / 1.22)	
Hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element <sup>8)</sup>	≥ 0.80	≥ 2	4, 7,	rotary drilling only	1.21) / 1.22)	
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>9)</sup>	≥ 0.90	≥ 12		rotary drilling only	1.51) / 0.92)	
Perforated ceramic brick <sup>10)</sup>	≥ 0.90	≥ 15		rotary drilling only	1.51) / 1.52)	
Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 2 <sup>11</sup> )	≥ 0.35	≥ 2		rotary drilling only	0.751) / 0.62)	
Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 611)	≥ 0.65	≥ 6		rotary drilling only	2.51) / 1.52)	
Partial safety factor <sup>13)</sup> γ <sub>Mm</sub> / γ <sub>MACC</sub> 2.5 / 2.0						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> FF1-14 PP ( $h_{nom} = 70 \text{ mm}$ )

### FF1

### Performances of FF1-14 anchor

Characteristic resistance in masonry (use category b, c and d)

Annex C 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> FF1-14 PA ( $h_{nom} = 70 \text{ mm}$ )

According to EN 771-1; <sup>4)</sup> According to EN 771-2
 For example perforated brick MAX according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 8 mm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6)</sup> For example perforated brick Porotherm P+W 25 according to EN 771-1; a = 10,2 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 7 mm

<sup>7)</sup> For example calcium silicate hollow block KSL 6DF according to EN 771-2; a = 22 mm, b = 50 mm, c = 22 mm

<sup>8)</sup> For example hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element HBL according to EN 771-3; a = 31 mm

<sup>9)</sup> For example perforated brick HLZ 12 according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 32 mm, c = 7 mm, d = 12 mm, e = 13 mm

10) For example perforated brick HLZ 15 according to EN 771-1; a = 17 mm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11)</sup> According to EN 771-4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12)</sup> Characteristic resistance F<sub>Rk</sub> for tension, shear or combined tension and shear loading The characteristic resistance is valid for single plastic anchor or for a group of two or four plastic anchors with a spacing equal or larger than the minimum spacing  $s_{\text{min}}$  according to table B3 (Annex B4)

Partial safety factor for use in masonry  $\gamma_{\text{Mm}}$  = 2.5 and partial safety factor for use in autoclaved aerated concrete  $\gamma_{\text{MAAC}}$  = 2.0 in absence of other national regulations

Table C9: Displacements under tension and shear loading of FF1-08 anchor in masonry

Anchor			Tension load			Shear load			
type	Base material	N [kN]	δ <sub>N0</sub> [mm]	δ <sub>N</sub> ∞ [mm]	V [kN]	δ <sub>V0</sub> [mm]	δ <sub>V</sub> ∞ [mm]		
	Clay brick HD <sup>5)</sup>	0.341) / 0.432)	1.13 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.68 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	2.26 <sup>1)</sup> / 1.36 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.341) / 0.432)	0.281) / 0.362)	0.421) / 0.542)		
	Sand-lime brick HD <sup>6)</sup>	0.211) / 0.432)	0.48 <sup>1)</sup> / 1.14 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.96 <sup>1)</sup> / 2.28 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.211) / 0.432)	0.17 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.36 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.26 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.54 <sup>2)</sup>		
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>7)</sup>	0.14 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.21 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.641) / 0.632)	1.28 <sup>1)</sup> / 1.26 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.14 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.21 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.12 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.17 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.18 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.25 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)		
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>8)</sup>	0.091) / 0.112)	0.371) / 0.462)	0.74 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.92 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.091) / 0.112)	0.081) / 0.092)	0.121) / 0.142)		
FF4 00	Calcium silicate hollow block <sup>9)</sup>	0.11 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.14 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.61 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.65 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	1.22 <sup>1)</sup> / 1.30 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.11 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.14 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.09 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.12 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.14 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.18 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / -4)		
FF1-08	Hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element <sup>10)</sup>	0.141) / 0.262)	0.211) / 0.422)	0.421) / 0.842)	0.141) / 0.262)	0.12 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.22 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.181) / 0.332)		
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>11)</sup>	0.11 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.17 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.411) / 0.412)	0.82 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.82 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / -4)	0.11 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.17 <sup>2)</sup> _3) / _4)	0.091) / 0.142)	0.141) / 0.212)		
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>12)</sup>	0.211) / 0.342)	0.431) / 0.872)	0.861) / 1.742)	0.211) / 0.342)	0.171) / 0.282)	0.261) / 0.422)		
	Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 2 <sup>13)</sup>	_1) / _2) 0.18 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.14 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 0.65 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.52 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 1.30 <sup>3)</sup> / 1.04 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 0.18 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.14 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 0.36 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.28 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 0.54 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.42 <sup>4)</sup>		
	Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 6 <sup>13</sup> )	_1) / _2) 0.43 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.32 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 1.11 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.78 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 2.22 <sup>3)</sup> / 1.56 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 0.43 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.32 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 0.86 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.64 <sup>4)</sup>	_1) / _2) 1.29 <sup>3)</sup> / 0.96 <sup>4)</sup>		

<sup>1)</sup> FF1-08 PP (h<sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm)



<sup>2)</sup> FF1-08 PA (h<sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm)

<sup>3)</sup> FF1-08 PP (h<sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)

<sup>4)</sup> FF1-08 PA (h<sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)

<sup>5)</sup> According to EN 771-1

<sup>6)</sup> According to EN 771-2

<sup>7)</sup> For example perforated brick MAX according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 8 mm

<sup>8)</sup> For example perforated brick Porotherm P+W 25 according to EN 771-1; a = 10,2 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 7 mm

<sup>9)</sup> For example calcium silicate hollow block KSL 6DF according to EN 771-2; a = 22 mm, b = 50 mm, c = 22 mm

 $<sup>^{10)}</sup>$  For example hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element HBL according to EN 771-3; a = 31 mm

<sup>11)</sup> For example perforated brick HLZ 12 according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 32 mm, c = 7 mm, d = 12 mm, e = 13 mm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12)</sup> For example perforated brick HLZ 15 according to EN 771-1; a = 17 mm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> According to EN 771-4

Table C10: Displacements under tension and shear loading of FF1-10 anchor in masonry

Anchor type	Base material	7	Tension load	t	Shearload			
		N [kN]	$\delta_{N0}$ [mm]	δ <sub>N</sub> ∞ [mm]	V [kN]	$\delta_{v0}$ [mm]	δ <sub>ν</sub> ∞ [mm]	
	Clay brick HD <sup>5)</sup>	0.43 <sup>1</sup> //0.71 <sup>2)</sup> - <sup>3)</sup> / 1.43 <sup>4)</sup>	0.30 <sup>1</sup> //0.51 <sup>2</sup> ) - <sup>3</sup> / 1.45 <sup>4</sup> )	0.6 <sup>1</sup> //1.02 <sup>2)</sup> - <sup>3)</sup> / 2.90 <sup>4)</sup>	0.43 <sup>1</sup> //0.71 <sup>2</sup> ) - <sup>3</sup> / 1.43 <sup>4</sup> )	0.36 <sup>1</sup> //0.59 <sup>2)</sup> - <sup>3)</sup> / 1.19 <sup>4)</sup>	0.54 <sup>1)</sup> / 0.88 <sup>2)</sup> - <sup>3)</sup> / 1.79 <sup>4)</sup>	
	Sand-lime brick HD <sup>6)</sup>	0.34 <sup>1)</sup> / - <sup>2)</sup> 0.43 <sup>3)</sup> / - <sup>4)</sup>	0.69 <sup>1)</sup> / -2 <sup>)</sup> 0.33 <sup>3)</sup> / -4 <sup>)</sup>	1.38 <sup>1)</sup> / - <sup>2)</sup> 0.66 <sup>3)</sup> / - <sup>4)</sup>	0.34 <sup>1)</sup> / - <sup>2)</sup> 0.43 <sup>3)</sup> / - <sup>4)</sup>	0.28 <sup>1)</sup> / - <sup>2)</sup> 0.36 <sup>3)</sup> / - <sup>4)</sup>	0.42 <sup>1)</sup> / - <sup>2)</sup> 0.54 <sup>3)</sup> / - <sup>4)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>7)</sup>	$-^{1)}$ / 0.14 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.43 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}$ / 0.08 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.87 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}$ / 0.16 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 1.74 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}$ / 0.14 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.43 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}/0.12^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.36^{4)}$	$-^{1)}$ / 0.18 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.54 <sup>4)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>8)</sup>	$-^{1)}$ / 0.14 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.43 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}/0.11^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.62^{4)}$	$-^{1)}/0.22^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/1.24^{4)}$	$-^{1)}$ / 0.14 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.43 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}/0.12^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.36^{4)}$	$-^{1)}$ / 0.18 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.54 <sup>4)</sup>	
	Calcium silicate hollow block <sup>9)</sup>	$-^{1)}/0.21^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.71^{4)}$	$-^{1)}$ / 0.18 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.16 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}$ / 0.36 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.32 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}/0.21^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.71^{4)}$	$-^{1)}/0.17^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.59^{4)}$	$-^{1)}$ / 0.26 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.89 <sup>4)</sup>	
FF1-10	Hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element <sup>10)</sup>	-1) / 0.09 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.26 <sup>4)</sup>	$-\frac{1}{2}$ / 0.10 <sup>2)</sup> $-\frac{3}{2}$ / 0.18 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.20 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.36 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.09 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.26 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.08 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.22 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.12 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.33 <sup>4)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>11)</sup>	$-^{1)}$ / 0.14 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.26 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.19 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.61 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}/0.38^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/1.02^{4)}$	$-^{1)}/0.14^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.26^{4)}$	$-^{1)}/0.12^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.22^{4)}$	-1) / 0.18 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.33 <sup>4)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>12)</sup>	$-^{1)}/0.09^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.21^{4)}$	$-^{1)} / 0.07^{2)}$ $-^{3)} / 0.26^{4)}$	$-^{1)}/0.14^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.52^{4)}$	$-^{1)}/0.09^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.21^{4)}$	$-^{1)} / 0.08^{2)}$ $-^{3)} / 0.17^{4)}$	-1) / 0.12 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.26 <sup>4)</sup>	
	Hollow ceramic brick <sup>13)</sup>	$-^{1)}/0.17^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.21^{4)}$	$-^{1)}/0.11^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.53^{4)}$	$-^{1)}$ / 0.22 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 1.06 <sup>4)</sup>	$-^{1)}/0.17^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.21^{4)}$	$-^{1)}/0.17^{2)}$ $-^{3)}/0.17^{4)}$	$-^{1)}$ / 0.26 <sup>2)</sup> $-^{3)}$ / 0.26 <sup>4)</sup>	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 2 <sup>14</sup> )	-1) / 0.18 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.14 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.09 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.12 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.18 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.24 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.18 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.14 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.36 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.28 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.54 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.42 <sup>4)</sup>	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 6 <sup>14</sup> )	-1) / 0.43 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.32 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.44 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.20 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.88 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.40 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.43 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.32 <sup>4)</sup>	-1) / 0.86 <sup>2)</sup> -3) / 0.64 <sup>4)</sup>	- <sup>1)</sup> / 1.25 <sup>2)</sup> - <sup>3)</sup> / 0.96 <sup>4)</sup>	

<sup>1)</sup> FF1-10 PP (h<sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm)

FF1	
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<sup>2)</sup> FF1-10 PA (h<sub>nom</sub> = 50 mm)

<sup>3)</sup> FF1-10 PP (h<sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm) 4) FF1-10 PA (h<sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)

<sup>5)</sup> According to EN 771-1

<sup>6)</sup> According to EN 771-2

<sup>7)</sup> For example perforated brick MAX according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 8 mm

<sup>8)</sup> For example perforated brick Porotherm P+W 25 according to EN 771-1; a = 10.2 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 7 mm

<sup>9)</sup> For example calcium silicate hollow block KSL 6DF according to EN 771-2; a = 22 mm, b = 50 mm, c = 22 mm

<sup>10)</sup> For example hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element HBL according to EN 771-3; a = 31 mm

<sup>11)</sup> For example perforated brick HLZ 12 according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 32 mm, c = 7 mm, d = 12 mm, e =

<sup>12)</sup> For example perforated brick Doppio uni according to EN 771-1; a = 11 mm, b = 24 mm, c = 10 mm

<sup>13)</sup> For example perforated brick Optibric PV according to EN 771-1; a = 10 mm, b = 39 mm, c = 7, d = 38 mm, e = 6.5 mm

<sup>14)</sup> According to EN 771-4

Table C11: Displacements under tension and shear loading of FF1-10 anchor in autoclaved aerated concrete installation with punch-tool

Anchor	Base material		Tension loa	ad	Shear load			
type		N [kN]	$\delta_{N0}$ [mm]	δ <sub>N</sub> ∞ [mm]	V [kN]	$\delta_{v0}$ [mm]	δ <sub>v</sub> ∞ [mm]	
FF1-10 PA (h <sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)	Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 2 <sup>1)2)</sup>	0.14	0.19	0.38	0.14	0.28	0.42	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 4 <sup>1)2)</sup>	0.43	0.29	0.58	0.43	0.86	1.29	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 5 <sup>1)2)</sup>	0.53	0.35	0.70	0.53	1.06	1.59	

<sup>1)</sup> According to EN 771-4 2) Drill method: punch tool (see Annex A8)

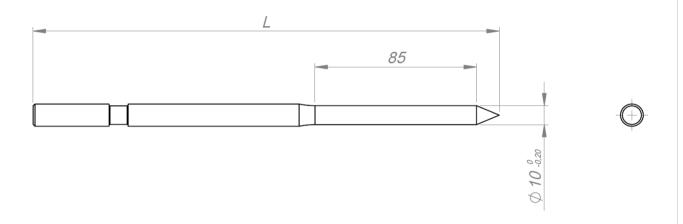




Table C12: Displacements under tension and shear loading of FF1-14 anchor in masonry

Anchor		Т	ension loa	d	Shear load			
type	Base material	N [kN]	δ <sub>N0</sub> [mm]	δ <sub>Ν</sub> ∞ [mm]	V [kN]	δ <sub>v0</sub> [mm]	δ <sub>v</sub> ∞ [mm]	
	Clay brick HD <sup>3)</sup>	1.14 <sup>1)</sup> 1.28 <sup>2)</sup>	1.35 <sup>1)</sup> 0.71 <sup>2)</sup>	2.7 <sup>1)</sup> 1.42 <sup>2)</sup>	1.14 <sup>1)</sup> 1.28 <sup>2)</sup>	0.95 <sup>1)</sup> 1.06 <sup>2)</sup>	1.42 <sup>1)</sup> 1.59 <sup>2)</sup>	
	Sand-lime brick HD <sup>4)</sup>	0.86 <sup>1)</sup> 1.00 <sup>2)</sup>	1.28 <sup>1)</sup> 0.79 <sup>2)</sup>	2.56 <sup>1)</sup> 1.58 <sup>2)</sup>	0.86 <sup>1)</sup> 1.00 <sup>2)</sup>	0.71 <sup>1)</sup> 0.83 <sup>2)</sup>	1.06 <sup>1)</sup> 1.25 <sup>2)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>5)</sup>	0.26 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	0.83 <sup>1)</sup> 1.48 <sup>2)</sup>	1.66 <sup>1)</sup> 2.96 <sup>2)</sup>	0.26 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	0.22 <sup>1)</sup> 0.28 <sup>2)</sup>	0.33 <sup>1)</sup> 0.42 <sup>2)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>6)</sup>	0.26 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	0.52 <sup>1)</sup> 1.24 <sup>2)</sup>	1.04 <sup>1)</sup> 2.48 <sup>2)</sup>	0.26 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	0.22 <sup>1)</sup> 0.28 <sup>2)</sup>	0.33 <sup>1)</sup> 0.42 <sup>2)</sup>	
	Calcium silicate hollow block <sup>7)</sup>	0.26 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	0.61 <sup>1)</sup> 0.80 <sup>2)</sup>	1.22 <sup>1)</sup> 1.60 <sup>2)</sup>	0.26 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	0.22 <sup>1)</sup> 0.28 <sup>2)</sup>	0.33 <sup>1)</sup> 0.42 <sup>2)</sup>	
FF1-14	Hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element <sup>8)</sup>	0.34 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	1.35 <sup>1)</sup> 0.64 <sup>2)</sup>	2.70 <sup>1)</sup> 1.28 <sup>2)</sup>	0.34 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	0.28 <sup>1)</sup> 0.28 <sup>2)</sup>	0.42 <sup>1)</sup> 0.42 <sup>2)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>9)</sup>	$0.43^{1)} \\ 0.26^{2)}$	$0.79^{1)} \\ 0.86^{2)}$	1.58 <sup>1)</sup> 1.72 <sup>2)</sup>	0.43 <sup>1)</sup> 0.26 <sup>2)</sup>	0.36 <sup>1)</sup> 0.22 <sup>2)</sup>	0.54 <sup>1)</sup> 0.33 <sup>2)</sup>	
	Perforated ceramic brick <sup>10)</sup>	0.43 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	0.68 <sup>1)</sup> 1.57 <sup>2)</sup>	1.36 <sup>1)</sup> 3.14 <sup>2)</sup>	0.43 <sup>1)</sup> 0.34 <sup>2)</sup>	0.36 <sup>1)</sup> 0.28 <sup>2)</sup>	0.54 <sup>1)</sup> 0.42 <sup>2)</sup>	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 2 <sup>11</sup> )	0.27 <sup>1)</sup> 0.21 <sup>2)</sup>	1.24 <sup>1)</sup> 0.77 <sup>2)</sup>	2.48 <sup>1)</sup> 1.54 <sup>2)</sup>	0.27 <sup>1)</sup> 0.21 <sup>2)</sup>	0.54 <sup>1)</sup> 0.42 <sup>2)</sup>	0.81 <sup>1)</sup> 0.63 <sup>2)</sup>	
	Autoclaved aerated concrete AAC 6 <sup>11</sup> )	0.89 <sup>1)</sup> 0.53 <sup>2)</sup>	0.74 <sup>1)</sup> 1.08 <sup>2)</sup>	1.48 <sup>1)</sup> 2.16 <sup>2)</sup>	0.89 <sup>1)</sup> 0.53 <sup>2)</sup>	1.78 <sup>1)</sup> 1.06 <sup>2)</sup>	2.67 <sup>1)</sup> 1.59 <sup>2)</sup>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> FF1-14 PP (h<sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)

# Performances of FF1-14 anchor Displacements in masonry Annex C 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> FF1-14 PA (h<sub>nom</sub> = 70 mm)

<sup>3)</sup> According to EN 771-1

<sup>4)</sup> According to EN 771-2

<sup>5)</sup> For example perforated brick MAX according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 8 mm

<sup>6)</sup> Perforated brick Porotherm P+W 25 according to EN 771-1; a = 10.2 mm, b = 38 mm, c = 7 mm

<sup>7)</sup> For example calcium silicate hollow block KSL 6DF according to EN 771-2; a = 22 mm, b = 50 mm, c = 22 mm

<sup>8)</sup> For example hollow lightweight aggregate concrete element HBL according to EN 771-3; a = 31 mm

<sup>9)</sup> For example perforated brick HLZ 12 according to EN 771-1; a = 12 mm, b = 32 mm, c = 7 mm, d = 12 mm, e = 13 mm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10)</sup> For example perforated brick HLZ 15 according to EN 771-1; a = 17 mm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11)</sup> According to EN 771-4



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